Intro to Matlab

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What is MATLAB

- MATrix LABoratory
 - Matrix has two dimensions, rows and columns. But Matlab can do so much more.
 - High-level, compare to low level languages like C, C++ etc.
- A very popular environment for scientific research
 - (so is Python and R!)
- Has many useful toolboxes built by Mathworks
 - statistics, signal processing, image processing etc.
- Has many third party libraries
 - Psychtoolbox, EEGLAB, Artiifact, our own heart rate processing library, and 99% of the code used in this lab for signal processing
- Easy to modify, maintain and share.
 - Mostly everything is just text files.
- Many useful tutorials online that are freely available
 - Teaching Psychology and Neuroscience with MATLAB <u>https://www.mathworks.com/academia/courseware/teaching-psychology-and-neuroscience-with-matlab.html</u>
 - http://dinshi.com/introduction-to-matlab-psychology/

To start

- The layout
 - Command window, very important before you know how to do scripting
 - Workspace, instant view of all the current variables created
 - Editor, where to edit scripts
 - Current folder, where MATLAB looks for functions and files.
- Mainly two ways of writing and running code
 - Use the command window, which we will practice for now
 - Type after the >> sign in the command window
 - Use scripting, in which case you can use the previous code over and over and easy to modify.

Good at arithmetic

>>

>> 20+45

>> 1.23 * 456

>> 10^3 / 25

>> log10(10000)

Try vector and matrix

```
>> v1= 1:100;

1, 2, 3, 5, .....100

>> v2 = 0:2:100;

0, 2, 4, 6, 8, ......100

>>a = [1,2;3,4]

- defined variable "a"

- "a" is a two row matrix, row 1, [1,2], row 2, [3,4].

- Use; to separate rows.

>> b = [7,8;9,10]

>> a + b

>> a.*b

>> use; at the end of the line to avoid printing output
```

Common number manipulation

```
>> m1 = zeros(3,4)
         - generating a 3 row by 4 column matrix of zero
>> m2 = ones(4,5)
>> m3 = rand(1,6)
>> m4 = m3 + 10
>> m5 = ceil(m4)
         - alternative
         >> m5 = ceil(m3+10)
         - %Nested, you can use % to comment on code
         - floor, round,
         - sum, mean,
         - std, var,
         - length, size
>> 5==2
         - single equal sign is always for defining variable
         - double equal sign is for comparing
         ->,<
```

plot 1a. Anxiety 1b. Cortisol 1c. SBP Cortisol (log ug/dl) IC/TSST-C Recovery >>data = 1:2:11; T3 T4 T5 T6 T7 T8 70 90 110 125 140 155 Time (min) T3 T4 T5 T6 T7 T8 T3 T4 T5 T6 T7 T8 >>plot(data); 1d. DBP 1e. HR >> title('abcde'); —іс >>hold on -- TSST-C >> plot([8:-1:3], 'r'); T3 T4 T5 T6 T7 T8 T3 T4 T5 T6 T7 T8 >>xlabel('test');

Able to access and change every single element in the figure

Practical I/O

```
>> a = inputdlg('what is your name')
>> a = inputdlg({'what is your name','age'})
>> help inputdlg
```

- read what it does
- read the content at the bottom that functions do similar things
- try out dialog, listdlg, msgbox

HOMEWORK

Think of a small practical example you can use MATLAB to solve

EEGLAB

- Most commonly used third party MATLAB library for processing EEG data
- Many plugins that extend functionalities
- Preprocessing
 - Non-ICA
 - Filtering
 - Segmentation
 - Reject channel
 - Reject epochs
 - Baseline correction
 - Averaged reference
 - ICA
 - Filtering
 - Reject channel
 - ICA
 - Reject components
 - Re-interpolate channels
 - Baseline correction
 - Averaged reference
 - Segmentation
 - · Reject epochs